

Human Resources

October 2022
Issue 22

Employee Services

New Hires: 8
Terminations/Retirements: 4
Positions Posted: 5

Employee Benefits

Benefit Enrollments: 11
Benefit Terminations: 13
Benefit Changes: 10



Kariana Haynes joined the HR team in June as the Employee Benefits Specialist. She has been a great addition to the Human Resources team.

Employment Opportunities

Scan the QR code for additional information.



Breast Cancer Awareness Month

As listed by the CDC and BreastCancer.org, here are some fast facts about breast cancer that you need to know:

1. Breast cancer is a disease in which malignant (cancer) cells form in the tissues of the breast.
2. In 2022, an estimated 287,850 new cases of invasive breast cancer are expected to be diagnosed in women in the U.S., along with 51,400 new cases of non-invasive (in situ) breast cancer.
3. 1 in 8 women in the United States will be diagnosed with breast cancer in her lifetime.
4. Most breast cancers are found in women who are 50 years old or older, but breast cancer can also affect younger women.
5. Breast cancer is the second most common cancer among women in the United States.

While breast cancer is most common in women, many people do not realize that men can also get breast cancer. According to the CDC, about 1 out of every 100 diagnosed cases in the United States is found in a man. About 2,710 new cases of invasive breast cancer are expected to be diagnosed in men in 2022. Several factors can increase a man's chance of getting breast cancer including:

1. Age: The risk for breast cancer increases with age. Most breast cancers are found after age 50.
2. Weight: Older men who are overweight or have obesity have a higher risk of getting breast cancer than men at a normal weight.
3. Liver Disease: Cirrhosis (scarring) of the liver can lower androgen levels and raise estrogen levels in men, increasing the risk of breast cancer.
4. Family History: A man's risk for breast cancer is higher if a close family member has had breast cancer.
5. Genetics: Inherited changes (mutations) in certain genes, such as BRCA1 and BRCA2, increase breast cancer risk.